



Republic of Rwanda
Southern Province
Huye District

EXPERIENCE SHARING:SDG's LOCALIZATION AND IMPLEMENTATION AT THE LOCAL LEVEL

Outline

- ❖ Introduction,
- ❖ Planning Framework(Linking priorities and strategies),
- ❖ SDGs localized implementation framework,
- ❖ Alignment of DDSs and SDGs, and annual plans
- ❖ M and E framework,
- ❖ Conclusion

Introduction

Sustainable development goals form the foundation of the protection and prosperity of human kind and the preservation of our planet

2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) considers the: **People, Planet, Prosperity, Peace** and **Partnership** while ensuring that “**No one is Left behind**”.

Local government in Rwanda's context is nearest to the people and at the heart of people centred service delivery. **District, sector, cell, village**

Therefore local Government's entities(Districts) must be at the heart of the 2030 Agenda.

Introduction

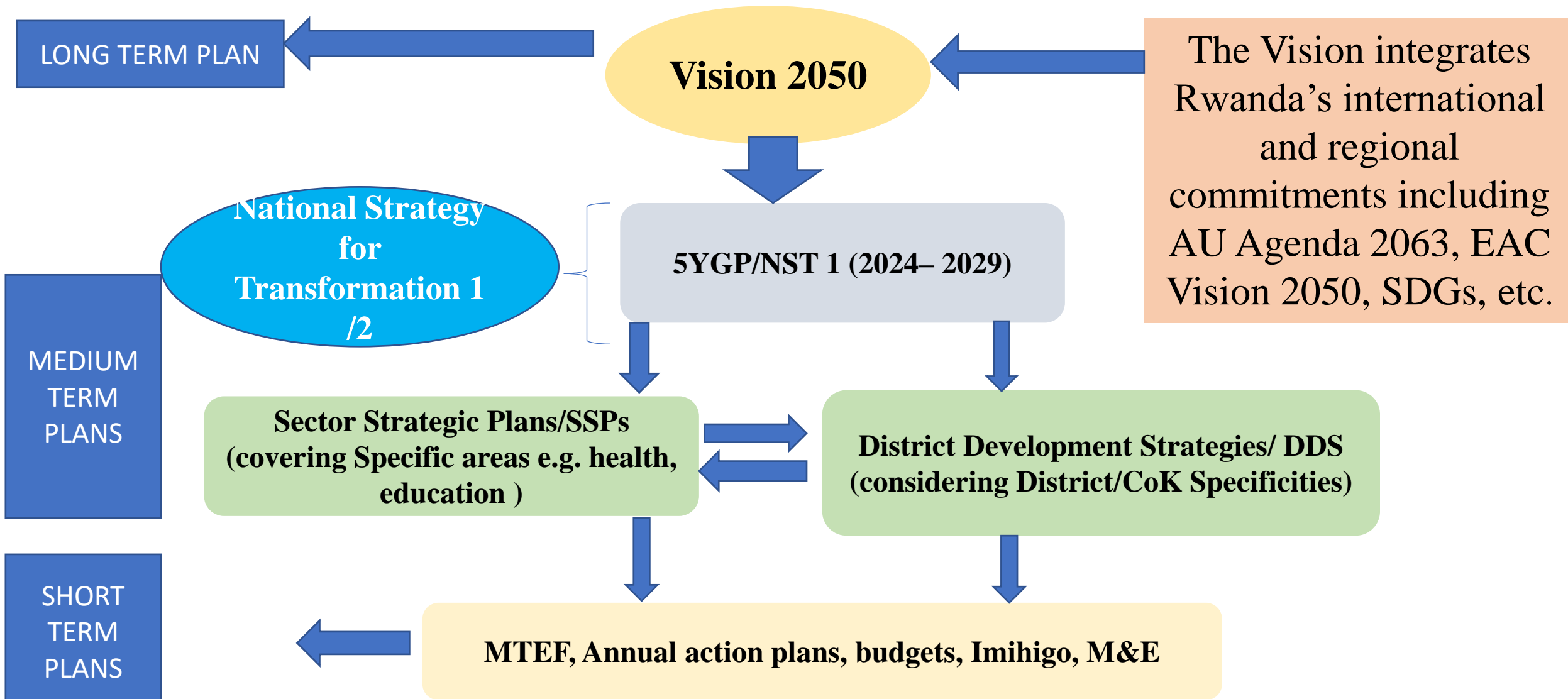
“**Localizing SDGs**” is a process of taking into account local contexts in the achievement of the 2030 Agenda through;

- Using a participatory approach in setting priorities, goals and targets,
- Aligning District plans to national and Sectoral plans and SDGs through consultations,
- Local leadership commitment and discipline of implementation,
- Using indicators to measure and monitor progress.

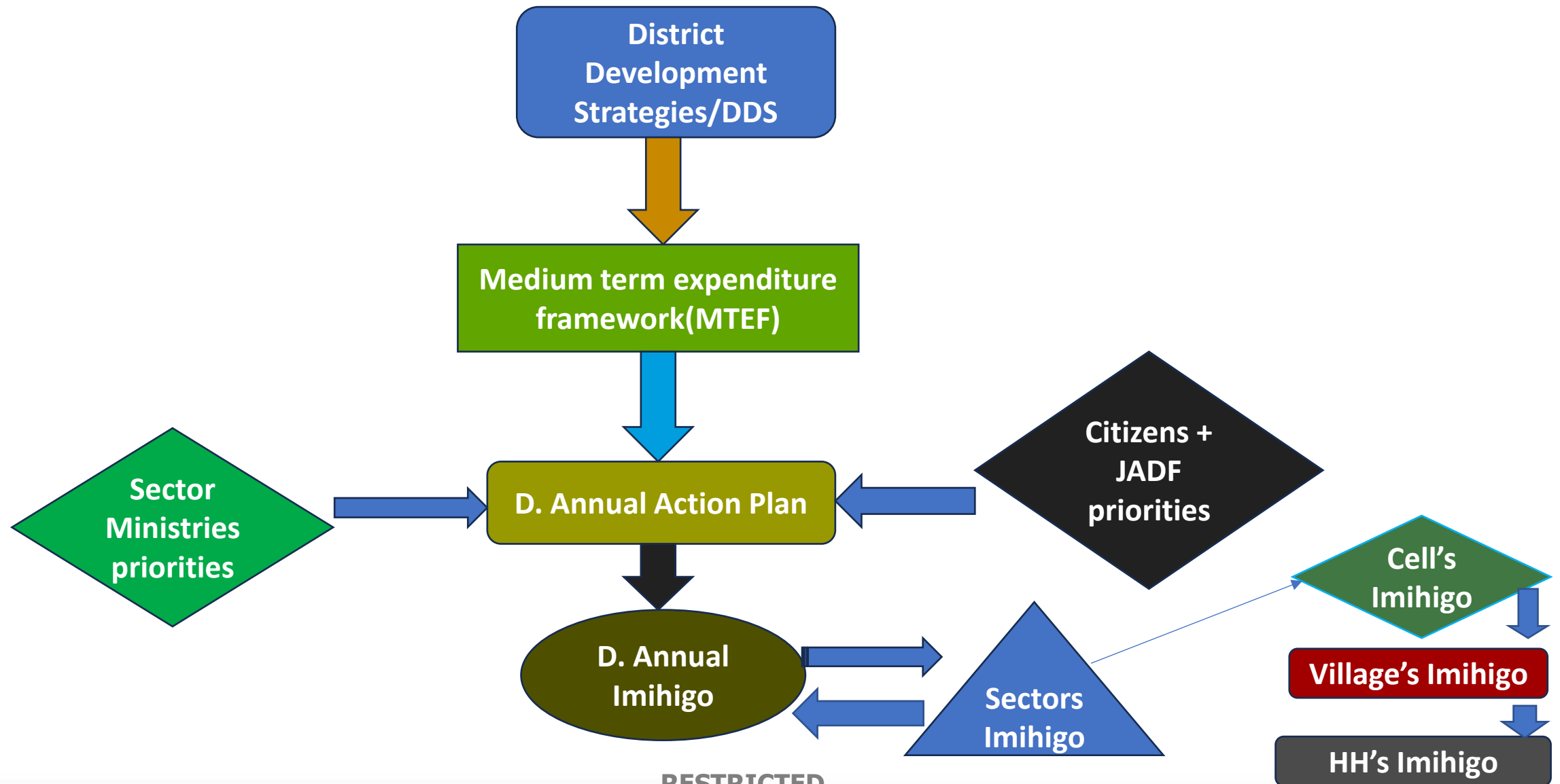
In 2018, all districts of Rwanda developed their respective 6 years local development strategies (DDSs, 2018-2024), reflecting the **NST1** and the **sector strategies(SSP's)** and **SDGs** through consultative and people **participation in choosing priorities**.

District are now mid way developing **DDS-2** aligned to **SDGs** and **NST-2**

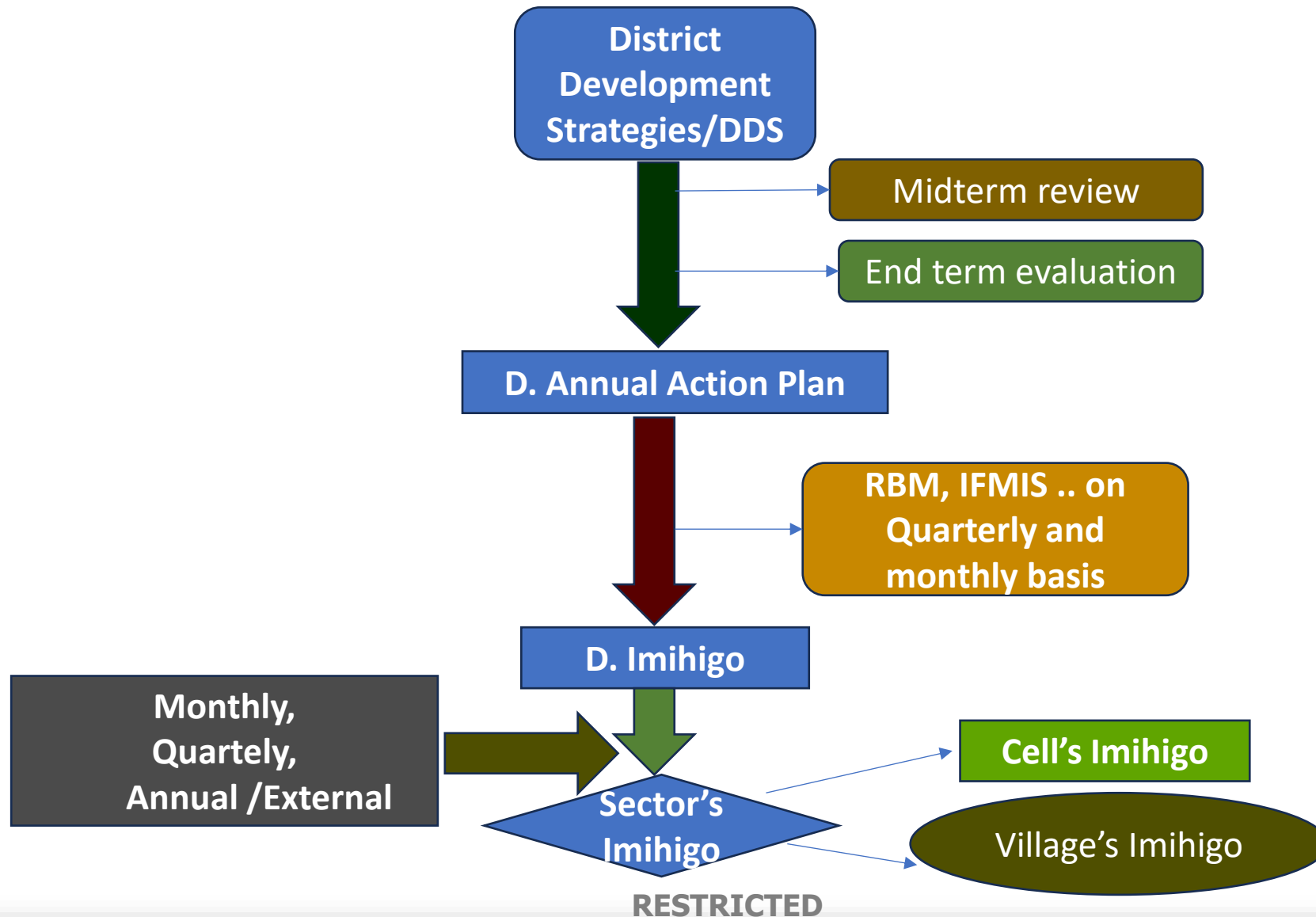
Planning Framework(Linking priorities from all levels)



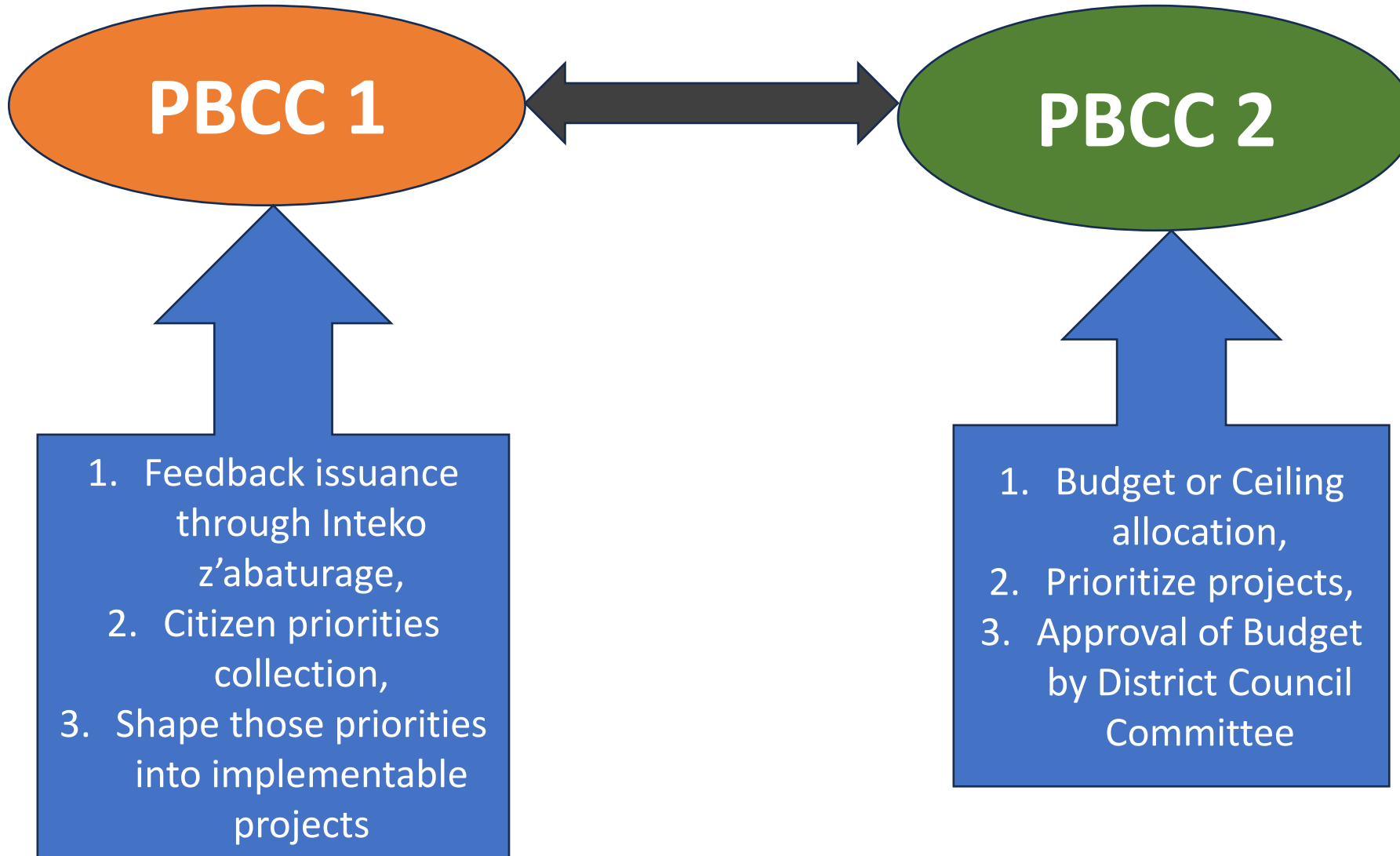
SDG's implementation framework



SDG's M&E



SDG localization into annual plans



LOCALISING SDGS THROUGH DDS AND ANNUAL PLANS

During the process of developing District strategic plans;

- District get strategic guidance from the ministry of finance and economic planning (MINECOFIN) in form of guidelines and templates. Templates ensure alignment to SDGs, NST and SSPs
- Leaders and technical staff collect organize meetings with people at villages to brainstorm and collect priorities
- Cells councils review and validate priorities
- Sectors councils review and validate priorities
- Districts review the priorities and organize consultation with other stakeholders; JADF partners, opinion leaders , council members....
- Priorities are validated and adopted by the District council

Consultations between local and central government

During the process of developing District strategic and annual plans;

Under the coordination of ministry of finance and economic planning and the ministry of local government, consultations between Districts and ministries or sectors are conducted to ensure alignment between NST, SSPs AND DDSs

Districts higher consultants to do write-ups

The District Councils adopt the DDSs

Some alignment's of DDSs and SDGs

S/N	Priority Areas	Alignment with the SDGs	Intervention made at Local level
Pillar I. Economic Transformation			
Sector: Agriculture			
1	Increased agricultural production and productivity	<p>SDG 2</p> <p>Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture</p> <p>TARGET 2.3</p> <p>By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Land use consolidation(ha) on priority crops, ii. Improved seeds(Kg) delivered and used by farmers, iii. Fertilizers(Kg) delivered and used by farmers, iv. Sensitize farmers on insurance of crops and livestock, v. Inseminate cows, vi. Vaccinate cows /goats/ sheep against diseases (BQ, LSD, RVF, Brucellosis,...)

Conclusion

Though Local Government(Districts) made tremendous progress towards the implementation of SDG's, lessons need to be learnt going forward such as:

- ❑ Covid_19 Pandemic and after effects on the economy and health systems
- ❑ Climate change,
- ❑ Global political dynamics such as Ukraine war and wars in middle East, LG and central government to build domestic resilience, local industrial base...

Implementation of SDGS will always require us to have:

- ❑ A sense of urgency, commitment and discipline of implementation
- ❑ Building systems and capacities
- ❑ Resources will always be limited-use them well..
- ❑ An effective institutional implementation framework
- ❑ Joint mid term reviews to pick lessons moving forward



MURAKOZE